Dr. JAYANTHI, M, I.F.S MEMBER SECRETARY

त जयते STATE LEVEL ENVIRONMENT IMPACT ASSESSMENT AUTHORITY – TAMIL NADU

3rd Floor, Panagal Maaligai, No.1 Jeenis Road, Saidapet, Chennai-15. Phone No.044-24359973 Fax No. 044-24359975

ENVIRONMENTAL CLEARANCE (EC)

Letter No. SEIAA-TN/F. 6645/EC/ 8(b)/689/2020 dated: 22.01.2020

To

M/s. DLF Info Park Developers (Chennai) Limited Old No.828 & 828A, New No. 268 & 268A, Sri Ranga, Poonamalleee High Road, Kilpauk, Chennai-600 010

Sir,

Sub: SEIAA, TN - Environmental Clearance - Proposed DLF IT Park by M/s. DLF Info Park Developers (Chennai) Limited at Survey No 1/5 &1/9 of Block 7, Tiruvanmiyur Village, Mylapore Taluk, Chennai District, and SF No 300/2B 300/2C & 301/3 Kottivakkam Village, Tamabaram Taluk, Kanchipuram District, Tamil Nadu - Issued - Regarding.

Ref: 1. Your application for Terms of Reference dated: 17.07.2018

- 2. ToR issued by MoEF & CC vide F.No.21-92/2018-IA-III dated: 30.11.2018
- 3. Proponent submitted EIA report to SEIAA-TN on 11.01.2019
- 4. Minutes of the 139th SEAC Meeting held on 23.11.2019
- 5. Proponent reply dated 27.11.2019 & 20.12.2019
- 6. Minutes of the 142nd SEAC Meeting held on 21.01.2020
- 7. Minutes of the 367th SEIAA Meeting held on 22.01.2020

This has reference to your application 1st cited, the proposal is for obtaining Environmental Clearance to establish a construction project under Category B and

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Schedule S.No. 8(b) under the Environment Impact Assessment Notification, 2006, as amended.

The Competent Authority and Authorized signatory furnished detailed information in Form 1 and Form 1A and liquidate enclosures are as Annexures:

Annexure 1

PROJECT DETAILS				
SL No	Description	Details		
1)	Name of the Project proponent and	M/s. DLF Info Park Developers		
	address	(Chennai) Limited		
	45.3	Old No.828 & 828A, New No. 268 &		
	ST.	268A,		
	公理技术	Sri Ranga, Poonamalleee High Road,		
	1/11/10	Kilpauk,		
	Addition to the second	Chennai-600 010		
2)	Proposed Activity	Construction of Information Technology		
,	C E E E	Park in Chennai's IT Corridor		
3)	Schedule No.	8(b)		
4)	Project Location			
	i)Survey No	Survey No 1/5 & 1/9 of Block 7,		
		Tiruvanmiyur Village, Mylapore Taluk,		
		Chennai District and SF No 300/2B		
		300/2C & 301/3 Kottivakkam Village,		
		Tamabaram Taluk, Kanchipuram		
		District, Tamil Nadu		
	ii)Revenue Village	Tiruvanmiyur & Kottivakkam Villages		
	iii)Taluk	Mylapore & Tamabaram Taluk		
	iv)District	Chennai & Kancheepuram District		
5)	Area of the Land	107792 sq.m		
6)	Built up Area	8,35,650 Sq.m		

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7)	Brief description of the project	Construction of "DLF IT park" with 8 Blocks each of G + 23 Floors with Common Basements in three levels; also provided with lawns, greenbelt, neatly paved driveways, parking facilities, etc.
8)	Expected Occupancies (including Visitors)	44372 nos.
9)	Green Belt	16165.2 Sq.m
10)	Parking facilities	Car Parking – 6006 Nos. Two-wheeler Parking - 12012 Nos. Two-wheeler/Four-wheeler Parking facilities will be in the Basements, Podium and on Surface.
11)	UTILITIES-WATER	
	Total Fresh Requirements	2651 KLD
	a)Source from where the water is proposed to be drawn	CMWSSB
	i)Domestic Purposes	1811 KLD
	ii) Toilet Flushing(Recycled Water)	840KLD
	iii) Green belt development/gardening (Recycled Water)	57.4 KLD
	iv) OSR(Recycled Water)	35.6 KLD
	v) HVAC (Recycled Water)	1500 KLD [705 KLD Recycled Water & 795 KLD Fresh water]
12)	Waste Water	
	i)Sewage	Total grey water generated – 864 KLD Total sewage generated - 840 KLD
	ii) Details of Treatment	Black Water (Sewage) Treatment - 840 KLD Modular Type (STP – 420 KLD in the First Phase development +

		500 KLD in the second Phase
		development), In-situ, MBR based STP
		Grey Water Treatment - 864 KLD
		Modular Type (STP - 450 KLD in the
		First Phase development+500 KLD in
		the second Phase development)
	iii) Mode of Disposal with quantity	Treated Sewage - 798 KLD,
		93 KLD for Green Belt and OSR,
		20 KLD for Toilet Flushing,
		705KLD for HVAC
	Jerey	Treated Grey water sewage- 820KLD
		for Toilet flushing
	《新沙 典	Total Treated Wastewater
	12.3.43	(Black+Grey): 1618 KLD
	52(e)	The project is Zero Water Discharge
13)	SOLID WASTE	
	I) Municipal solid Waste	6.656MT/Day
	i) Bio degradable – 2.66 MT/day	Organic Waste Converter in the Phase 1
	1985 W.Y.	Development and Bio-Methanation in
	11.10	the Phase -2 Development
	ii) Non Bio degradable – 3.99 MT/	Disposed to Authorized Recyclers
	iii) STP Sludge – 540 Kg/ day	Manure for gardening
14)	POWER REQUIREMENT	
	i) Electricity Board	26.36 MVA from TANGEDCO
	ii) D.G. Set	DG sets of 20 Nos. 2000 KVA
	iii) Height of Stack above the	Stack height of 6 m above Roof Top
	tallest Building	
15)	Project Cost	Rs. 2470 Crores
16)	EMP Cost	For Operation Phase:
	(2) Haron 220 2520	Sapital Cost: Rs. 10.85 Crores

Operational Cost: Rs.1.01 Crores/yr

Annexure 2- Affidavit

The Proponent has furnished affidavit in hundred Rupees stamp paper attested by the Notary stating that

Commitment towards Fresh Water Requirement:

The freshwater requirement to the tune of 1831 KLD for the Operational Scenario post completion of the project shall be sourced from CMWSSB with prior approval from Competent Authority. Based on the above Commitment, I hereby undertake and commit that required water for the operation period will be obtained from the above authority, before obtaining completion certificate from the competent authority.

Commitment towards Disposal of treated wastewater:

Grey water and the sewage generated from the IT Park development will be treated separately in the in-house STPs. Treated Grey water of 820 KLD will be utilized for flushing. Treated sewage generated from the IT Park Development will be 798 KLD out of which 20 KLD will be used in addition to 820 KLD treated Grey water for flushing, 93 KLD will be used for greenbelt and 695 KLD will be used for HVAC. STP shall be based on MBR technology.

Commitment towards Disposal of Solid Waste:

The total quantity of solid waste generated from the IT Park Development is 6.65 MT/Day of which 2.66 MT/Day bio-degradable wastes will be treated through Organic Waste Convertor and Bio-Methanation plant and 3.99 MT/Day of non-biodegradable wastes will be segregated at site and handed over to authorized recyclers.

Commitment towards on-site Status:

I commit to SEIAA that we have not started any construction activity at site and shall carry forward the same upon securing the environmental clearance from SEIAA-Tamil Nadu.

Commitment towards CER:

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Further, I am furnishing the commitment on CER activity and related fund allocation of INR 12.34 Crores [Phase-1@ Rs.5.17 Crores and Phase -2 @ Rs.7.17 Crores] as Capital Outlay towards stipulated activities as per MOEF & CC OM dated: 1.05.2018.

Commitment towards Flood Inundation:

I commit to SEIAA that the project development shall be in strict compliance with the terms & conditions issued by Chief Engineer, PWD

Commitment towards Structural Stability

The proposed development structure is designed by a qualified/ licensed, Surveyor / Structural Engineer and I assure you of adhering to the recommendations in total without any deviations.

Commitment towards Unconditional access to MRTS officials

I commit the proposed project will give unconditional access to MRTS officials for inspection, maintenance and other works related to the Railway structure and Civil structures in MRTS area

Commitment signed by me on Nineteenth day of December 2019, as an Authorized signatory of the project proponent before the SEIAA, Tamil Nadu.

The project activity is covered in 8(a) of the Schedule and is of B2 category. It does not require Public Consultation as per Para 7 III Stage (3) (i) (d) of EIA Notification, 2006.

The Authority after consideration all the requisite documents with status and data and based on SEAC appraisal and recommendations for issue of Environmental Clearance in its 142nd meeting held on 21.01.2020, SEIAA placed the proposal in the 367th SEIAA meeting held on 22.01.2020 hereby conveyed Environmental Clearance along with the conditions containing four parts namely

Part - A -Common conditions applicable for Pre-construction, Construction and Operational Phases

Part - B - Specific Conditions -- Pre construction phase

Part - C - Specific Conditions - Construction phase

Part – D - Specific Conditions – Operational Phase/Post constructional

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Phase / Entire life of the project.

Validity:

The SEIAA hereby accords Environmental Clearance to the above project under the provisions of EIA Notification dated 14th September, 2006 as amended, with validity for Seven years from the date of issue of EC, subject to the compliance of the terms and conditions stipulated below:

<u>Part - A - Common conditions applicable for Pre-construction, Construction and</u> Operational Phases:

- Any appeal against this environmental clearance shall lie with the Hon'ble National Green Tribunal, if preferred, within a period of 30 days as prescribed under Section 16 of the National Green Tribunal Act, 2010.
- 2. The construction of STP, Solid Waste Management facility, E-waste management facility, DG sets, etc., should be made in the earmarked area only. In any case, the location of these utilities should not be changed later on.
- 3. The Environmental safeguards contained in the application of the proponent /mentioned during the presentation before the State Level Environment Impact Assessment Authority / State Level Expert Appraisal Committee should be implemented in the letter and spirit.
- 4. All other statutory clearances such as the approvals for storage of diesel from Chief Controller of Explosives, Fire and Rescue Services Department, Civil Aviation Department, Forest Conservation Act, 1980 and Wild Life (Protection) Act, 1972, State / Central Ground Water Authority, Coastal Regulatory Zone Authority, other statutory and other authorities as applicable to the project shall be obtained by project proponent from the concerned competent authorities.
- 5. The SEIAA reserves the right to add additional safeguard measures subsequently, if non-compliance of any of the EC conditions is found and to take action, including revoking of this Environmental Clearance as the case may be.
- 6. A proper record showing compliance of all the conditions of Environmental Clearance shall be maintained and made available at all the times.

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- 7. The environmental statement for each financial year ending 31st March in Form-V as is mandated to be submitted by the project proponent to the concerned State Pollution Control Board as prescribed under the Environment (Protection) Rules, 1986, as amended subsequently, shall also be put on the website of the company. The status of compliance of environmental clearance conditions and shall also be sent to the Regional Office of the Ministry of Environment and Forests, Chennai by e-mail.
- 8. The Regional Office of the Ministry located at Chennai shall monitor compliance of the stipulated conditions. The project authorities should extend full cooperation to the officer (s) of the Regional Office by furnishing the requisite data / information / monitoring reports.
- 9. "Consent for Establishment" shall be obtained from the Tamil Nadu Pollution Control Board and a copy shall be submitted to the SEIAA, Tamil Nadu.
- 10. In the case of any change(s) in the scope of the project, a fresh appraisal by the SEAC/SEIAA shall be obtained before implementation.
- 11. The conditions will be enforced inter-alia, under the provisions of the Water (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act, 1974, the Air (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act, 1981, the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986, the Public Liability Insurance Act, 1991, along with their amendments, draft Minor Mineral Conservation & Development Rules, 2010 framed under MMDR Act 1957, National Commission for protection of Child Right Rules, 2006 and rules made there under and also any other orders passed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court of India/Hon'ble High Court of Madras and any other Courts of Law, including the Hon'ble National Green Tribunal relating to the subject matter.
- 12. The Environmental Clearance shall not be cited for relaxing the other applicable rules to this project.
- 13. Failure to comply with any of the conditions mentioned above may result in withdrawal of this clearance and attract action under the provisions of the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986.

- 14. The proponent shall upload the status of compliance of the stipulated EC conditions, including results of monitored data on their website and shall update the same periodically. It shall simultaneously be sent to the Regional Office of MoEF, Chennai, the respective Zonal Office of CPCB, Bengaluru and the TNPCB. The criteria pollutant levels namely; PM10, PM2.5, SO2, NOx (ambient levels as well as stack emissions) or critical sectoral parameters, indicated for the project shall be monitored.
- 15. The SEIAA, TN may cancel the environmental clearance granted to this project under the provisions of EIA Notification, 2006, if, at any stage of the validity of this environmental clearance, if it is found or if it comes to the knowledge of this SEIAA, TN that the project proponent has deliberately concealed and/or submitted false or misleading information or inadequate data for obtaining the environmental clearance.
- 16. The Environmental Clearance does not imply that the other statutory / administrative clearances shall be granted to the project by the concerned authorities. Such authorities would be considering the project on merits and be taking decisions independently of the Environmental Clearance.
- 17. The SEIAA, TN may alter/modify the above conditions or stipulate any further condition in the interest of environment protection, even during the subsequent period.
- 18. The Environmental Clearance does not absolve the applicant/proponent of his obligation/requirement to obtain other statutory and administrative clearances from other statutory and administrative authorities.
- 19. Where the trees need to be cut, compensation plantation in the ratio of 1:10 (i.e. planting of 10 trees for every one tree that is cut) should be done with the obligation to continue maintenance.
- 20. A separate environmental management cell with suitable qualified personnel should be set-up under the control of a Senior Executive who will report directly to the Head of the Organization and the shortfall shall be strictly reviewed and addressed.

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- 21. The EMP cost of Rs. 338 Lakhs shall be deposited in a nationalized bank by opening separate account and the head wise expenses statement shall be submitted to TNPCB with a copy to SEIAA annually.
- 22. The Project Proponent has to provide rain water harvesting 19 pits and the rainwater collection sump of capacity 162 cu.m in order to recover and reuse the rain water during normal rains as reported
- 23. The project activity should not cause any disturbance & deterioration of the local bio diversity.
- 24. The project activity should not impact the water bodies. A detailed inventory of the water bodies and forest should be evaluated and fact reported to the Forest Department & PWD for monitoring.
- 25. All the assessed flora & fauna should be conserved and protected.
- 26. The project proponent shall adopt the Bio-methanation technology for treatment & disposal of the bio-degradable waste will be generated.
- 27. The proponent should strictly comply with, Tamil Nadu Government Order (Ms) No.84 Environment and forests (EC.2) Department dated 25.06.2018 regarding ban on one time use and throwaway plastics irrespective of thickness with effect from 01.01.2019 under Environment (Protection) Act, 1986.
- 28. The proponent shall furnish the permission/ N@C of water supply from the CMWSSB before obtaining CTO from TNPCB.
- 29. Traffic congestion near the entry and exit points from the roads adjoining the proposed project site must be avoided.
- 30. The safety measures proposed in the report should be strictly followed.
- 31. EC is issued to the land excluding the area covered under MRTS right of way and its future expansion if any in the project site.
- 32. No development activities shall be undertaken by the proponent in the area covered under MRTS right of way.
- 33. The project proponent has to maintain Zero Liquid discharge (ZLD) as reported.
- 34. As per MoEF & CC, GoI, Office Memorandum dated 30.03.2015, prior clearance from Forestry & Wildlife angle including clearance from obtaining

committee of the National Board for Wildlife as applicable shall be obtained before starting the quarrying operation, if the project site is located within 10KM from National Park and Sanctuaries.

Part - B - Specific Conditions - Pre construction phase:

- 1. The project authorities should advertise with basic details at least in two local newspapers widely circulated, one of which shall be in the vernacular language of the locality concerned, within 7 days of the issue of clearance. The press releases also mention that a copy of the clearance letter is available with the State Pollution Control Board and also at website of SEIAA, TN. The copy of the press release should be forwarded to the Regional Office of the Ministry of Environment and Forests located at Chennai and SEIAA-TN.
- 2. In the case of any change(s) in the scope of the project, a fresh appraisal by the SEAC/SEIAA shall be obtained before implementation.
- 3. A copy of the clearance letter shall be sent by the proponent to the Local Body.

 The clearance letter shall also be put on the website of the Proponent.
- 4. The approval of the competent authority shall be obtained for structural safety of the buildings during earthquake, adequacy of fire fighting equipments, etc as per National Building Code including protection measures from lightning etc before commencement of the work.
- 5. All required sanitary and hygienic measures for the workers should be in place before starting construction activities and they have to be maintained throughout the construction phase.
- 6. Design of buildings should be in conformity with the Seismic Zone Classifications.
- 7. The Construction of the structures should be undertaken as per the plans approved by the concerned local authorities/local administration.
- 8. No construction activity of any kind shall be taken up in the OSR area.
- Consent of the local body concerned should be obtained for using the treated sewage in the OSR area for gardening purpose. The quality of treated sewage shall satisfy the bathing quality prescribed by the CPCB.

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- 10. The height and coverage of the constructions shall be in accordance with the existing FSI/FAR norms as per Coastal Regulation Zone Notification, 2011.
- 11. The Project Proponent shall provide car parking exclusively for the visiting guest in the proposed residential apartments as per CMDA norms.
- 12. The project proponent shall ensure the entry of basement shall be above maximum flood level.
- 13. The proponent shall prepare completion plans showing Separate pipelines marked with different colours with the following details
 - i. Location of STP, compost system, underground sewer line.
 - ii. Pipe Line conveying the treated effluent for green belt development.
 - iii. Pipe Line conveying the treated effluent for toilet flushing
 - iv. Water supply pipeline
 - v. Gas supply pipe line, if proposed
 - vi. Telephone cable
 - vii. Power cable
 - viii. Strom water drains, and
 - ix. Rain water harvesting system, etc., and it shall be made available to the owners
- 14. A First Aid Room shall be provided in the project site during the entire construction and operation phases of the project.
- 15. The present land use surrounding the project site shall not be disturbed at any point of time.
- 16. The green belt area shall be planted with indigenous native trees.
- 17. Natural vegetation listed particularly the trees shall not be removed during the construction/operation phase. In case any trees are likely to be disturbed, shall be replanted.
- 18. During the construction and operation phase, there should be no disturbance to the aquatic eco-system within and outside the area.



- 19. The Provisions of Forest conservation Act 1980, Wild Life Protection Act 1972& Bio diversity Act 2002 should not be violated.
- 20. There should be Fire fighting plan and all required safety plan.
- 21. Regular fire drills should be held to create awareness among owners/ residents.

Part - C - Specific Conditions - Construction phase:

1. Construction Schedule:

 i) The Project proponent shall have to furnish the probable date of commissioning of the project supported with necessary bar charts to SEIAA-TN.

2. Labour Welfare:

- i) All the labourers to be engaged for construction should be screened for health and adequately treated before and during their employment on the work at the site.
- ii) Personnel working in dusty areas should wear protective respiratory devices and they should also be provided with adequate training and information on safety and health aspects. Occupational health surveillance program of the workers should be undertaken periodically to observe any contradictions due to exposure to dust and take corrective measures, if needed.
- shall be carried out and records maintained. For the purpose, schedule of health examination of the workers should be drawn and followed accordingly. The workers shall be provided with personnel protective measures such as masks, gloves, boots etc.

3. Water Supply:

- i) The entire water requirement during construction phase may be met from ground water source from the source with approval of the PWD Department of water resources/ may be out sourced.
- ii) Provision shall be made for the housing labour within the site with all necessary infrastructures and facilities such as fuel for cooking, mobile

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toilets, mobile STP, safe drinking water, medical health care, crèche etc. The housing may be in the form of temporary structures to be removed after the completion of the project.

- iii) Adequate drinking water and sanitary facilities should be provided for construction workers at the site. The treatment and disposal of waste water shall be through dispersion trench after treatment through septic tank. The MSW generated shall be disposed through Local Body and the identified dumpsite only.
- iv) Water demand during construction should be reduced by use of premixed concrete, curing agents and other best practices prevalent.
- v) Fixtures for showers, toilet flushing and drinking water should be of low flow type by adopting the use of aerators / pressure reducing devises / sensor based control.

4. Solid Waste Management:

- i) In the solid waste management plan, the STP sludge management plan for direct use as manure for gardens is not acceptable; it must be cocomposted with biodegradables.
- ii) House hold hazardous waste such as batteries, small electronics, CFL bulbs, expired medicines and used cleaning solvent bottles should be segregated at source, collected once in a month from residences and disposed as per the SWM rules 2016.
- iii) Domestic solid wastes to be regularly collected in bins or waste handling receptacles and disposed as per the solid waste management rules 2016.
- iv) No waste of any type to be disposed of in any watercourse including drains, canals and the surrounding environment.
- v) E-waste shall be disposed through Authorized vendor as per E-waste (Management and Handling) Rules, 2016 and subsequent amendment.

5. Top Soil Management:

i) All the top soil excavated during construction activities should be stored for use in horticulture/landscape development within the project site.

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6. Construction Debris disposal:

- Disposal of construction debris during construction phase should not create any adverse effect on the neighboring communities and be disposed off only in approved sizes, with the approval of Competent Authority with necessary precautions for general safety and health aspects of the people. The construction and demolition waste shall be managed as per Construction & Emolition Waste Management Rules, 2016.
- ii) Construction spoils, including bituminous materials and other hazardous materials, must not be allowed to contaminate watercourses. The dump sites for such materials must be seemed so that they should not leach into the adjacent land/ lake/ stream etc.

7. Diesel Generator sets:

- i) Low Sulphur Diesel shall be used for operating diesel generator sets to be used during construction phase. The air and noise emission shall conform to the standards prescribed in the Rules under the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986, and the Rules framed thereon.
- ii) The diesel required for operating stand by DG sets shall be stored in underground tanks fulfilling the safety norms and if required, clearance from Chief Controller of Explosive shall be taken.
- iii) The acoustic enclosures shall be installed at all noise generating equipments such as DG sets, air conditioning systems, cooling water tower etc.

8. Air & Noise Pollution Control:

- i) Vehicles hired for bringing construction materials to the site should be in good condition and should conform to air and noise emission standards, prescribed by TNPCB/CPCB. The vehicles should be operated only during non-peak hours.
- ii) Ambient air and noise levels should conform to residential standards prescribed by the TNPCB both during day and night. Incremental

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pollution loads on the ambient air and noise duality should be closely monitored during the construction phase. The pollution abatement measures shall be strictly implemented.

- iii) Traffic congestion near the entry and exit point from the roads adjoining the proposed project site shall be avoided Parking shall be fully internalized and no public space should be utilized. Parking plan to be as per CMDA norms. The traffic departizent shall be consulted and any cost effective traffic regulative facility shaft be met before commissioning.
- iv) The buildings should have adequate distance between them to allow free movement of fresh air and passage of gatural light, air and ventilation.
- v) The project proponent should ensure that adequate Air Pollution Control measures shall be provided from buses and other vehicles, which will be entering the bus terminal. Further, water sprinkling system shall be provided and same shall be used at regular interval to control the dust emission within the project site.

9. Building material:

- i) Fly-ash blocks should be used as building material in the construction as per the provision of Fly ash Notification of September, 1999 and amended as on 27th August, 2003 and Notification No. S.O. 2807 (E) dated: 03.11.2009.
- ii) Ready-mix concrete shall alone be used in building construction and necessary cube-tests should be conducted to ascertain their quality.
- iii) Use of glass shall be reduced up 19 40% to reduce the electricity consumption and load on air conditioning. If necessary, high quality double glass with special reflecting coaling shall be used in windows.

10. Storm Water Drainage:

i) Storm water management around the safe and or site shall be established by following the guidelines laid down by the storm water manual.

ii) Storm water management plan shall be btained by engaging the services cement: 4

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11. Energy Conservation Measures:

- Roof should meet prescriptive requirement as per Energy Conservation Building Code by using appropriate thermal insulation material, to fulfill the requirement.
- ii) Opaque wall should meet prescribed requirement as per Energy Conservation Building Code which is mandatory for all air conditioned spaces by use of appropriate thermal insulation material to fulfill the requirement.
- iii) All norms of Energy Conservation Building Code (ECBC) and National Building Code, 2005 as energy conservation have to be adopted Solar lights shall be provided for illumination of common areas.
- iv) Application of solar energy should be incorporated for illumination of common areas, lighting for gardens and street lighting. A hybrids system or fully solar system for a portion of the apartments shall be provided.
- v) A report on the energy conservation measures conforming to energy conservation norms prescribed by the Bureau of Energy Efficiency shall be prepared incorporating details about building materials & technology; R & U factors etc and submitted to the SEIAA in three month's time.
- vi) Energy conservation measures like installation of CFLs/TFLs for lighting the areas outside the building should be integral part of the project design and should be in place before project commissioning.

12. Fire Safety:

- i) Adequate fire protection equipments and rescue arrangements should be made as per the prescribed standards.
- ii) Proper and free approach road for fire-fighting vehicles upto the buildings and for rescue operations in the event of emergency shall be made.

13. Green Belt Development:

i) The Project Proponent shall plant tree species with large potential for carbon capture in the proposed green belt area based on the

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recommendation of the Forest department well before the project is completed.

- ii) The purpose of Green belt around the project is to capture the fugitive emissions and to attenuate the noise generated, in addition to the improvement in the aesthetics. A wide range of indigenous plants species should be planted in and around the premise in consultation with the DFO, District / State Agriculture University. The plants species should have thick canopy cover, perennial green nature, native origin and large leaf areas. Medium size trees and small trees alternating with shrubs shall be planted. If possible Miyawaki method of planting i.e. planting different types of trees at very close intervals may be tried which will give a good green cover. A total of 15% of the plot area should be designated for green belt which should be raised along the boundaries of the plot with minimum of 3mt width all along the periphery and in between blocks in an organized manner.
- iii) The proponent shall develop the green belt as per the plan furnished and area earmarked for the greenbelt shall not be alter at any point of time for any other purpose.
- iv) The proponent has to earmark the greenbelt area with dimension and GPS coordinates for the green belt area and the same shall be included in the layout out plan to be submitted for CMDA/DTCP approval.

14. Sewage Treatment Plant:

- i) The Sewage Treatment Plant (STP) installed should be certified by an independent expert/reputed Academic institutions for its adequacy and a report in this regard should be submitted to the SEIAA, TN before the project is commissioned for operation. Explore the less power consuming systems viz baffle reactor, etc., for the treatment of sewage.
- ii) The Proponent shall install STP as furnished. Any alteration to satisfy the bathing quality shall be informed to SEIAA-TN.



- iii) The project proponent shall operate and maintain the Sewage treatment Plant and grey water treatment plant effectively to meet out the standards prescribed by the CPCB.
- iv) The project proponent shall continuously operate and maintain the Sewage treatment plant and Grey water treatment plant to achieve the standards prescribed by the CPCB.
- v) The project proponent has to ensure the complete recycling of treated sewage & Grey water after achieving the standards prescribed by the CPCB.
- vi) The project proponent has to provide separate standby D.G set for the STP for the continuous operation of the STP in case of power failure.
- vii) The proponent shall obtain the necessary permission to utilize the treated sewage/ grey water for avenue plantation and green belt development in the OSR area after achieved the standards prescribed for the treated sewage by TNPCB.

15. Rain Water Harvesting:

- i) The proponent/ Owner of the Flats shall ensure that roof rain water collected from the covered roof of the buildings, etc shall be harvested so as to ensure the maximum beneficiation of rain water harvesting by constructing adequate sumps so that 100% of the harvested water shall be reused.
- ii) Rain water harvesting for surface run-off, as per plan submitted should be implemented. Before recharging the surface run off, pre-treatment with screens, settlers etc. must be done to remove suspended matter, oil and grease, etc.
- iii) The Project Proponent has to provide rain water harvesting collection tank to the capacity of 162KLD in order to recover and reuse the rain water during normal rains.

iv) The project activity should not cause any disturbance & deterioration of the local bio diversity. (CLASS) and the local bio diversity.

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16. Building Safety:

Lightning arrester shall be properly designed and installed at top of the building and where ever is necessary.

<u>Part - D - Specific Conditions - Operational Phase/Post constructional</u> <u>phase/Entire life of the project:</u>

- 1. There should be Fire fighting plan and all required safety plan.
- 2. Regular fire drills should be held to create awareness among owners/ residents.
- House hold hazardous waste such as batteries, small electronics, CFL bulbs, expired medicines and used cleaning solvent bottles should be segregated at source, collected once in a month from residences and disposed as per the SWM rules 2016.
- 4. The building should not spoil the green views and aesthetics of surroundings and should provide enough clean air space.
- 5. The project proponent has to furnish the certificate stating that the proposed site had not encroached any water body (rivers, canals, lakes, ponds, tanks, etc) from its original boundary shall be obtained from the competent authority before obtaining CTE from TNPCB.
- 6. The project proponent shall furnish the flood NOC from the PWD before obtaining CTO from TNPCB.
- 7. Solar energy saving shall be increased to atleast 10% of total energy utilization.
- 8. The project proponent shall spent the CER amount for Rs. 12.35 Crores (0.5% of the project cost) to carry out for DD favoring Environmental Management Authority of Tamil Nadu" (EMAT) and the said amount shall be utilized for the de-silting and beautification of water bodies in and around project site before applying for CTO from TNPCB.
- The EMP cost of Rs. 11.86 Crores shall be deposited in a nationalized bank by opening separate account and the head wise expenses statement shall be, submitted to TNPCB with a copy to SEIAA annually
- 10. The EMP cost shall be printed in the Brochure / Pamphlet for the preparation of the sale of the property and should also mention the component involved.

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- 30. A copy of the Environmental clearance (EC) letter shall be made available to all the allottees along with the allotment order / sale deed.
- 31. Failure to comply with any of the conditions mentioned above may result in withdrawal of this clearance and attract action under the provisions of the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986.
- 32. The Environmental Clearance is issued based on the documents furnished by the project proponent. In case any documents found to be incorrect/not in order at a later date the Environmental Clearance issued to the project will be deemed to be revoked/ cancelled.



MEMBER SECRETARY SEIAA-TN

Copy to:

- 1. The Principal Secretary to Government, Environment & Forests Dept, Govt. of Tamil Nadu, Fort St. George, Chennai 9.
- The Chairman, Central Pollution Control Board, Parivesh Bhavan,
 CBD Cum-Office Complex, East Arjun Nagar, New Delhi 110032.
- The Member Secretary, Tamil Nadu Pollution Control Board,
 Mount Salai, Guindy, Chennai-600 032.
- The APCCF (C), Regional Office, Ministry of Environment & Forest (SZ),
 HEPC Building, 1st& 2nd Floor, Cathedral Garden Road, Nungambakkam,
 Chennai 34.
- 5. Monitoring Cell, I A Division, Ministry of Environment & Forests, Paryavaran Bhavan, CGO Complex, New Delhi 110003.
- 6. The Commissioner, Greater Chennai Corporation, Rippon Building, Chennai District
- 7. Stock File.

